





INVESTOR IN PEOPLE

09 / 7 2 0 7 3 3

The Patent Office Concept House Cardiff Road Newport South Wales NP10 800

PRIORITY DOCUMENT

SUBMITTED OR TRANSMITTED IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 17.1(a) OR (b)

REC'D 2 7 AUG 1999

WIPO

PO PCT

I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

In accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., plc, P.L.C. or PLC.

Re-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely ects the company to certain additional company law rules.

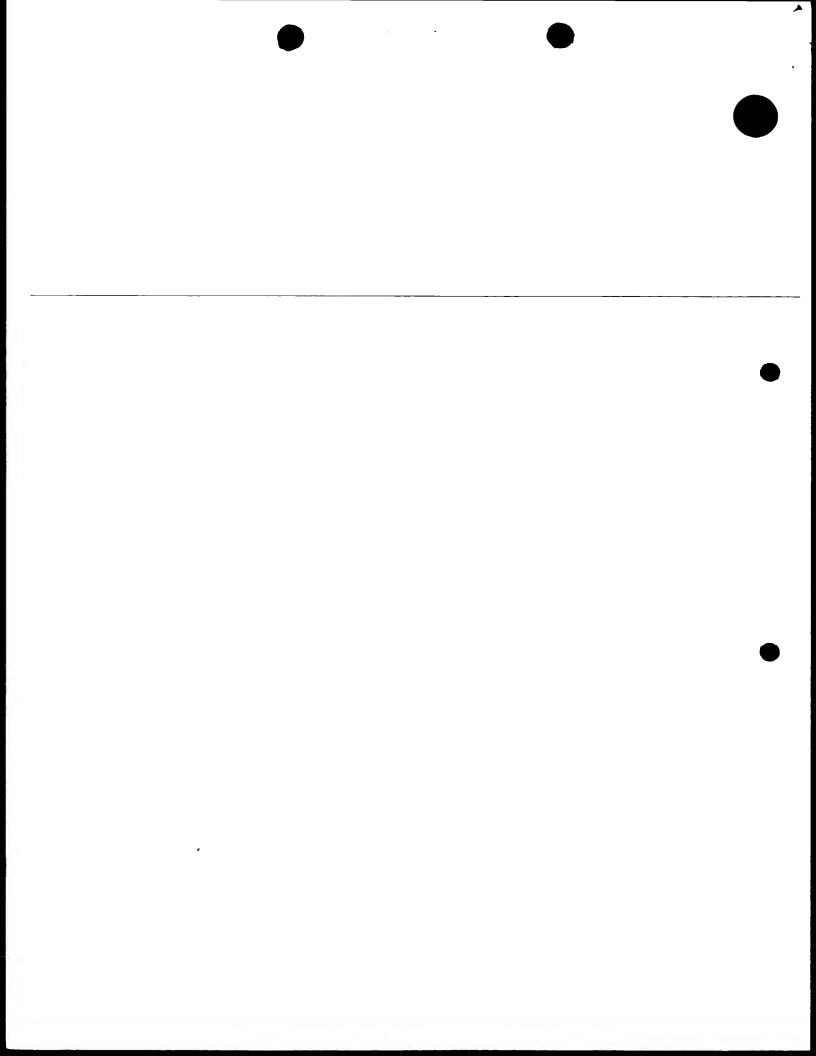
Signed

Dated

28th July 1999

Andrew Green

An Executive Agency of the Department of Trade and Industry



Pa. Act 1977 (Rule 16)



29JUN98 E371450-11 D02884___ _P01/7700 25.00 - 9813864.7

Request for grant of a patent

(See the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form) The Patent Office

Cardiff Road Newport Gwent NP9 1RH

1. Your reference

P22101/HGR/GMU

27 JUN 1998

2. Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)

9813864.7

The Ball.

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

ERT Limited Orkney Water Technology Centre Flotta STROMNESS

Orkney KW16 3NP

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

01465438col United Kingdom

4. Title of the invention

"Two Phase Liquid Media Coalescer"

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

Murgitroyd & Company

373 Scotland Street GLASGOW G5 8QA

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

1198013

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number (if you know it)

Date of filing
(day / month / year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing
(day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer Yes' if.

a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or

b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or

c) any named applicant is a corporate body.

See note (d))

Yes

Patents Form 1/77 Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form Do not count copies of the same document Continuation sheets of this form Description Claim(s) 0 0 Abstract 1 Drawing(s) 10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item. Priority documents Translations of priority documents Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77) Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77) Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77) Any other documents (please specify) 11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Warning

12. Name and daytime telephone number of

person to contact in the United Kingdom

After an application for a patent has been filed, the Comptroller of the Patent Office will consider whether publication or communication of the invention should be prohibited or restricted under Section 22 of the Patents Act 1977. You will be informed if it is necessary to prohibit or restrict your invention in this way. Furthermore, if you live in the United Kingdom, Section 23 of the Patents Act 1977 stops you from applying for a patent abroad without first getting written permission from the Patent Office unless an application has been filed at least 6 weeks beforehand in the United Kingdom for a patent for the same invention and either no direction prohibiting publication or communication has been given, or any such direction has been revoked.

Murgitroyd & Company

Graham Murnane

0141 307 8400

Notes

- a) If you need help to fill in this form or you have any questions, please contact the Patent Office on 0645 500505.
- b) Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
- c) If there is not enough space for all the relevant details on any part of this form, please continue on a separate sheet of paper and write "see continuation sheet" in the relevant part(s). Any continuation sheet should be attached to this form.
- d) If you have answered 'Yes' Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
- e) Once you have filled in the form you must remember to sign and date it.
- f) For details of the fee and ways to pay please contact the Patent Office.

Date

26 June 1998

TWO PHASE LIQUID MEDIA COALESCER

This invention relates to a system for droplet growth within a two phase liquid feed stream, particularly a liquid phase stream comprising oil and water or solvent and water. However, the invention is applicable to any liquid feed stream in which there are at least two different phases.

It has been observed that for a significant number of processes which generate a two phase waste flow the

efficiency of liquid treatment plant is no longer providing the desired level of phase removal. This, in many instances, is due to the feed containing relatively significant volumes of the minority phase in the form of small droplets (eg typically of the order of 10 μm or less). These droplets provide a challenge for standard phase separation devices that are commonly used.

Chemical flocculants, downstream skimmed enhancement vessels, centrifuges or media filters have all been considered as potential enhancement mechanisms to deal with the problems of small droplets.

In many instances the cost or space required to utilise such technologies is limited. If small droplets can be 3 coalesced or "grown" to a greater size, then the existing equipment should perform in a more efficient 4 5 manner. 6 7 It is an object of the present invention to provide an 8 apparatus and method in which droplets in a two phase liquid feed stream can be coalesced to a greater size. 10 11 According to a first aspect of the present invention 12 there is provided an apparatus for coalescing droplets of one phase from a liquid comprising two or more 13 phases, the apparatus comprising a chamber, a 14 coalescing medium having a surface area, means for 15 16 securing said coalescing medium within said chamber, an inlet to said chamber, and an outlet to said chamber, 17 18 said inlet and outlet being positioned such that liquid 19 flowing from said inlet to said outlet flows in contact with said surface area of said coalescing medium. 20 21 22 Preferably said coalescing medium has a high surface area per unit volume. Preferably said coalescing 23 24 medium comprises a plurality of elongate members, most 25 preferably in the form of fibres. The fibres may be 26 substantially mutually aligned or may be randomly 27 orientated. Preferably the fibres are of natural, man 28 made or plastic material. The fibres may be polypropylene, metal wire, animal hair, polyethylene, 29 30 polyester or glass wool. Preferably the coalescing 31 medium comprises one or more polypropylene ropes. 32 33 Preferably the chamber comprises a substantially 34 straight pipe having a first end and a second end, said 35 outlet being arranged at the first end and an access 36 cover being arranged at the second end. Preferably the

٠- --

access cover is removable such as to allow access to 2 said coalescing medium. Preferably the chamber further comprises a branch attached to an intermediate point of 3 said pipe, said inlet being arranged at the free end of 4 said branch. 5 6 Preferably the apparatus further comprises a retaining 7 member to which the coalescing medium is secured. Preferably said retaining member is adapted to be removably engaged within said chamber. Preferably the 10 interior of said chamber is provided with a lip adapted 11 to engage with said retaining member. Preferably said 12 access cover is adapted to hold said retaining member 13 against said lip when the access cover is attached to 14 15 the pipe. Preferably said retaining member is provided with one or more apertures for securing said coalescing 16 medium to said retaining member. 17 18 According to a second aspect of the present invention 19 20 there is provided a method for coalescing droplets of one phase from a liquid comprising two or more phases, 21 in which the liquid is caused to flow through a chamber 22 in which is secured a coalescing medium having a 23 surface area, such that the liquid flows in contact 24 with said surface area of said coalescing medium and 25 droplets of a phase of said liquid coalesce on said 26 surface area. Preferably the method uses an apparatus 27

29 30

31 32

33

34

35

36

28

The present invention provides a simple process unit which can either be added to a process system when the system is constructed or be retrofitted into an existing process system to increase the efficiency and/or life of the process system. The coalescer utilises additional surface area within the pipe to

according to the first aspect of the present invention

assist the minority phase droplets to coalesce. 2 3 In one embodiment the apparatus of the invention comprises a length of pipe fitted at each end with a 5 pressure sealable fitting (eg a flange plate, which can 6 be fixed to the pipe by welding, screw thread etc). At one end of the pipe there is a "T" section fitted, with 7 8 another pressure sealable fitting (eq a flange plate, 9 again fixed by welding, screw thread etc). The pressure sealable fitting on the pipe closest to the 10 "T" section is blanked off, and acts as a service and 11 12 inspection access point for the coalescing retainer and 13 media. 14 15 The coalescing media extends within the pipe through 16 the length of the unit and is retained by a retainer. 17 The media retainer may be of disk type construction, 18 and may have a number of drill holes therethrough to 19 allow the media to be attached. The retainer is 20 constructed from a stainless steel, or other suitable 21 material that will not be prone to corrosion or wear in 22 the environment under which this invention will have to 23 operate. The media retainer is secured in position by appropriate means, for example by clamping between the 24 25 shoulder of the pipe and the screw fitting of the 26 blanketing plug, or by the retainer being restrained in 27 the pipe by a welded lip/shoulder and being held in 28 position by the flow of fluid around the media. 29 envisaged that the coalescing media will be made from fibrous man-made or natural material such as 30 31 polypropylene rope, metal wire, animal hair, 32 polyethylene, polyester or glass wool. 33 34 To ensure that the coalescing media is correct for the accumulation and thus the coalescing of the minority 35

phase this invention will allow for the coalescing

36

5

1 media to be fully interchangeable. The size and 2 dimensional shape of the coalescer will be dependent on the flow characteristics (Reynolds Number) of the fluid 3 flowing through the apparatus. For example, if a high 4 5 Reynolds Number is required, a smaller effective cross sectional area is required for the same flow. 7 could be achieved by either reducing the pipe diameter, 8 or increasing the cross sectional area that is occupied 9 by the coalescing media. Typically the pipe may be 10 between 10mm and 100mm in diameter, although larger 11 pipes may be used. 12 13 A specific embodiment of the invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the 14 15 drawings in which: 16 17 Fig 1 shows a schematic perspective view of an apparatus according to one embodiment of the invention 18 indicating the location of the pressure sealable 19 20 fittings, with a partial cut away view showing the 21 coalescing medium inside the pipe; and 22 Fig 2 shows a longitudinal cross section of the 23 apparatus of Fig 1, indicating the construction of the 24 25 media retainer and the extent that the coalescing media 26 extends through the unit. 27 28 With reference to the drawings, the coalescer 10 comprises primarily a pipe 1 of suitable diameter to 29 allow for the required flow characteristics. 30 31 32 The coalescer 10 is fitted into the process 33 system/train by use of the pressure sealable fittings 34 2a, 2b. 35 36 Access to the coalescer media retainer 4 and media 5 is

achieved via the inspection and maintenance access
point 3. The media retainer 4 is secured in position
by the clamping action between the sealing device (ie
binding plate 6) and a shoulder 7 within the pipe 1.

The coalescer media 5 is attached to the media retainer
via a suitable method, depending on the media that is
used. If polypropylene rope is used for the media 5,

used. If polypropylene rope is used for the media 5, connection is achieved by means of knots 8 tied in the ends. The individual ropes or strands 9 of rope are passed through preformed holes 11 in the media retainer 4, so that the knots prevent the rope from becoming detached from the media retainer 4.

-9

In use the two phase liquid enters the apparatus through inlet 2a and passes along the pipe 1. The large number of fibres in the coalescing medium 5 means that there is a large surface area of the medium in contact with the fluid as it passes along the pipe 1 to the outlet 2b, encouraging the formation and growth of droplets of the minority phase on the fibres.

When the coalescing medium needs to be replaced, the binding plate 6 is unscrewed, the media retainer 4 can be removed, a new medium 5 attached to the retainer 4, and the retainer 4 reinserted in the pipe 1 and the binding plate 6 screwed in. Alternatively both the retainer and the media, preattached to the retainer, may be replaced.

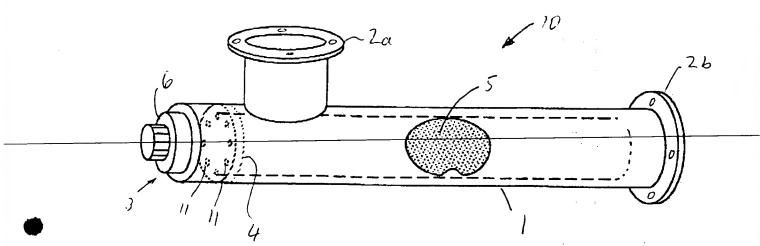


FIGURE 1

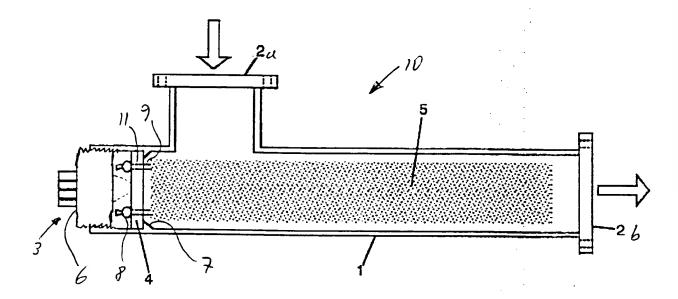


FIGURE 2

i